



QUESTION WORKBOOK

Polar curves

Polar coordinates · Year FM

6 questions · 20 marks

PRINT EDITION

SECTION A · Warm-up

A1 Convert the polar point $(4, 2\pi/3)$ to cartesian coordinates, exactly. [2]

A2 Find polar coordinates (r, θ) for the cartesian point $(1, -1)$, with $-\pi < \theta \leq \pi$. [3]

SECTION B · Standard

B1 Convert $r = 6 \sin \theta$ to cartesian form and identify the curve. [4]

B2 Convert $r = 2 \sec \theta$ to cartesian form and describe the curve. [3]

- B3** For the cardioid $r = 3(1 + \cos \theta)$, find r at $\theta = 0, \pi/2$ and π , and sketch the curve, marking those three points. [4]



SECTION C · Stretch

- C1** The curve $r = 2 \cos 3\theta$ is a rose. State how many petals it has, the maximum value of r , and the first positive θ at which the curve passes through the pole. [4]
